

THE MOUNTAIN ADVOCATE.

Entered as Second-Class Matter Friday, February 19th, 1901 at the Postoffice at Harboursville, Knox County, Ky., under Act of Congress of March 3rd, 1879.
MOTTO:—LIVE FOR OUR FRIENDS—DO THE GREATEST AMOUNT OF GOOD WE CAN TO THE LARGEST NUMBER OF PEOPLE.

Terms: \$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1911

Vol. VIII. No. 19

MIDDLESBORO

Boosters Preparing for Big Fourth of July

Middlesboro has for years held the reputation of never doing things by halves, and this year promises not to be the exception, but from reports coming from that city, July 4th will be one of the biggest events of the season there.

Arrangements have been made for some special features, among them, a flying machine, several speakers are on the list for addresses during the day.

Middlesboro possesses a wide-awake Business Men's Club that does not stop to consider the cost, but proceeds to boost Middlesboro, and they have kept that spirit alive there until everyone who enters the city comes in contact with the influence of the movement, and realizes that they are in a wide-awake business town.

We are glad to see this spirit of progressiveness in our sister city, and trust that it may prove contagious and that when our citizens and the citizens from the surrounding towns congregate there on the 4th of July to help them celebrate that we may become inoculated with this progressive spirit and distribute it amongst home folks until this entire country shall be breaking out with progressiveness.

We are proud of the city of Middlesboro, her citizens are our friends, and we wish her unbounded success and prosperity.

Republican Mass Convention

In obedience to the call of the Republican State Central Committee of Kentucky, and the rules governing the Republican organization, the Republican voters of Knox County will meet in mass convention at the Court House in Harboursville, Ky., on Saturday, July 8th, 1911, at 1:30 o'clock, for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend the Republican State Convention, which will convene in the city of Louisville on Tuesday, July 11th, at 12:30 P. M.

The said State Convention being called for the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics, and Clerk of Court of Appeals; to be voted for at the regular November election, 1911.

Knox County will have 28 delegates selected to attend the State Convention.

The Republicans of Knox County are urged to come out and participate in selecting the delegates who shall be commissioned to represent them in the State Convention.

J. A. GILLIAM, Chairman
Republican Executive Committee of Knox County.

J. H. DONALDSON, Secretary
Republican Executive Committee of Knox County.

The End of Diaz.

Ever since the beginning of the present insurrection, Senor Madero and the other leaders of the revolt have maintained that the resignation of President Diaz was an absolute necessity before any real reforms could be assured to the people.

"While General Diaz is in power," said Madero in his manifesto issued on May 6, "all laws will be fictitious, and all promises tricks of war." Time again and again important and dignified leaders of thought in the republic have brought to the attention of the aged President this feeling that he should step aside. Last September, on attaining his eightieth birthday and the centenary

of the republic, Porfirio Diaz was the idol of the Mexican people. Recently there has been wide opposition to his rule, and it is plain that there could not have been any lasting peace in the country until the tyrant, as the Mexican popular hero had come to be called, had been overthrown. Up to a few weeks ago, Diaz steadily refused even to consider the idea of resignation. The revolution, he maintained, was scattered and headless, and should he step aside, there would be no one strong enough to restore order. "I came into the city of Mexico fighting; I will leave it accompanied by bullets." There are many in the republic who have believed it would be disastrous for Diaz to retire. Most of the conservative elements, however, apparently believe that Diaz, having first declined made a mistake in having himself elected to the presidency for the seventh time, and a still greater mistake in forcing Ramon Corral, an exceedingly unpopular man, upon the republic as Vice President. Early last month the aged statesman issued a manifesto promising to resign the office of President as soon as peace was restored. "We do not want manifestos," said Madero, when the news was brought to him, "we want resignations." Porfirio Diaz belongs to the past. He has kept himself, or has been kept, ignorant of the extent of the disaffection in his country. The Diaz who remade and built up Mexico no longer exists, and it is to be regretted, for the judgment of history upon his life and achievements, that last autumn he did not persist in his determination to refuse a seventh re-election.

Judge O'Rear Spoke Here

Judge E. C. O'Rear, one of the candidates for the Republican nomination for Governor, spoke to a full house of voters here last Saturday afternoon in the interest of his candidacy.

It will be remembered that Mr. Franks opened his campaign here some weeks ago and it was expected by some that Judge O'Rear would reply to his speech here to the attack made upon him by Mr. Franks, but in that they were mistaken, as Judge O'Rear never mentioned his name.

Upon the questions at referendum and recall the Judge made himself very clear, and the people were delighted with his position. He said, however, that he would not be a candidate for Governor unless he had a majority of the instructed votes for him, as his commission must come from the people.

In another part of this issue we give his address in full that the readers may know what his position is.

Church Note Cremated

There was an interesting service conducted at the First Methodist Church in this city last Sunday morning; something out of the ordinary, but nevertheless, pleasing to all concerned.

From the date of the dedication of this church some years ago, there has been a debt hanging upon this church, and a note covering the debt was signed by several of the leading members of the Church, and same has been renewed from time to time until last week, when a special effort was made and the entire debt was liquidated and the note redeemed.

Sunday morning at the beginning of the service, the Stewards and Trustees of the church were all called together in front of the chancel and while they all stood looking on, Uncle Joseph Miller, the oldest member of the Official Board, applied the match to the note while P. D. Black held the plate, and watched it consumed by the flames; after which, all joined in singing, "Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow."

J. PROCTOR KNOTT

Former Governor of Kentucky, Laid to Rest

Ex-Governor, J. Proctor Knott, died at Lebanon last Sunday afternoon, after an illness of some time, and the city was draped in mourning as a consequence.

Mayor C. C. Spaulding, of the city of Lebanon, had the following proclamation printed on hand bills and distributed over the city:

"Whereas, the Almighty, in His infinite wisdom has removed from our midst, by death, Lebanon's most honored and distinguished citizen, former Governor, J. Proctor Knott, and whereas, the hearts of our people are filled with sorrow, and they mourn the loss of Kentucky's most beloved citizen; therefore, as a mark of respect, it is ordered that the city hall be draped in mourning, and that the bell be tolled during the funeral. It is also requested that the City Council attend the funeral in a body, and that the business houses of our city be closed during the funeral services and burial."

The body was taken to the Masonic Temple where it lay in state until Thursday afternoon, where it was viewed by hundreds of his friends until the funeral service, after which the remains were interred in the Ryder Cemetery.

Thus passes another of Kentucky's truly great men.

What Kentucky Needs

- Fewer dogs and more sheep.
- Fewer bar rooms and more schools.
- Fewer scrub cattle and more good ones.
- Fewer political hacks and more statesmen.
- Fewer poodle coddlers and more mothers.
- Fewer cigarette smokers and cleaner thoughts.
- Fewer men who seek office and more men whom the office seeks.
- Fewer loafers around stoves, street corners, taverns and bar-rooms and more bread winners.
- Fewer dance hall damsels and dudes, and more virtue and manhood.
- Fewer knockers and grumblers and more who are ready to lend a helping and either pull or push to make the Commonwealth better.

The Romance of Farming

To the average person the joining of romance and farming is an absurdity on its face, but it is to bring out the romance and the poetry and to discover the surprises, that the city of New York has formally added a course in farming to the public school curriculum, the first city in America to take such action. There are other straws showing that the wind is not blowing so strongly cityward as in the past forty years.

Out in Washington the agricultural extension work of the State College has equipped a demonstration boat with the paraphernalia required to illustrate farming in all its phases. The boat makes a tour of Puget Sound, and goes up the rivers, stopping at all cities and towns to give lessons. "If the farmer, or the

city or town boy boy with the farm virus coursing through his veins, will not come to the college, the college will come to him. The farm as a reformatory institution has been tested by Kansas City and not found wanting. One established in connection with the workhouse has proved so beneficial that other cities are planning to do likewise. The Kansas City farm reduced the cost of keeping prisoners from \$220 to \$100 per year, cut down the force of guards, reduced the number of attempts to escape and made the prisoners healthier, more contented and more human. The farm work gave them occupation for their minds so that they did not brood over their misfortunes and work themselves to desperation by a continuous session of self-pity. —The Kentucky Farmer

Sailing Abroad

The many friends of S. B. Dishman, Jr. will be both pleased and surprised to learn that he sailed yesterday from Boston, Mass. for Liverpool, England, and that he will visit England, France, Germany, Switzerland, Holland, and Wales before he returns to the states.

He graduated from Brown University, at Providence, R. I., last week and in company with about twenty other young men started on this trip abroad.

The Advocate wishes for him a pleasant journey and a safe return to his native land.

He is the youngest son of Judge and Mrs. S. B. Dishman of this city.

Kentucky Fair Dates.

The following are the dates fixed for holding the Kentucky Fairs for 1911 as far as reported:—

- Alexandria, September 5-7 days
- BARBOURVILLE, Aug. 30-3 days
- Bardonia, Aug. 30-4 days
- Broadhead, Aug. 16-3 days
- Burkesville, Aug. 15-4 days
- Erlanger, Aug. 22-4 days
- Falmouth, Sept. 27-4 days
- Fern Creek, Aug. 16-4 days
- Frankfort, Aug. 23-4 days
- Germantown, Aug. 21-3 days
- Hodgesville, Sept. 5-3 days
- Horse Cave, Sept. 20-4 days
- Lawrenceburg, Aug. 15-4 days
- Leitchfield, Aug. 15-4 days
- Lexington, Aug. 7-6 days
- London, Aug. 22-4 days
- Ky. State Fair, Louisville Sept. 11-6 days
- Mayfield, Sept. 27-4 days
- Monticello, Sept. 5-4 days
- Mount Oliver, Sept. 5-4 days
- Paris, Sept. 5-5 days
- Shepherdsville, Aug. 22-4 days
- Somerset, Aug. 30-3 days
- Uniontown, Aug. 8-5 days
- Vineburg, Aug. 9-4 days
- Versailles, Aug. 2-3 days

BASE BALL

S. K. League Reorganized and Includes Barbourville

The Southeastern Kentucky League has been reorganized and includes the following towns in the circuit: Athens, Middlesboro, Pineville, Barbourville. Only local talent will be used, and only players residing in Bell and Knox Counties will be allowed to play.

There will be a meeting of the representatives of each club at Pineville Saturday, when officers of the league will be elected.

The first game of the league season will be played here Saturday between Artemus and Barbourville.

No town is complete without base ball team, so show your loyalty and enthusiasm by rooting for the home boys.

Subscribe for the ADVOCATE!

FARM WOMEN

Congress to Meet in Colorado in October

The first Congress of Farm Women ever held is called to meet at Colorado Springs in connection with the sessions of the Dry Farming Congress the week of October 16th, 1911. Better homes in rural communities is the object of the Convention. The Dry Farming Congress has a domestic science department and employs field representatives to go into the homes on the ranches and give to the women vital ideas upon the art of home-keeping. Now a great gathering of farm women is planned to consider how best to keep the boys and girls at home on the farm and to teach the women on the farm how best to mix refinement and culture with their work. This movement marks a milestone in the progress of American Womanhood. —Kentucky Farmer.

T. B. TERHUNE

Is Made A Doctor of Divinity

Huntington (Ind.) Evening Herald, of June 7

Rev. T. B. Terhune, pastor of the First Presbyterian church in this city, was today made a Doctor of Divinity at the annual commencement exercises at Hanover college, a Presbyterian institution situated on the Ohio river. Rev. Terhune has for some years been a favorite at Hanover, having frequently gone there to deliver addresses before the various student organizations. Last year he delivered the commencement address and today he gave a short talk in connection with the services.

This recognition comes as well deserved, since Dr. Terhune is recognized to be one of the ablest pulpit orators in this city and one of the strongest in northern Indiana. His work in the lecture field has brought him the most cordial receptions everywhere. As a thinker and a scholar he is no less brilliant than in his oratory and the new title he has received will certainly be well carried by him.

T. M. Scott Postmaster at Somerset

The post office at Somerset goes to T. M. Scott. Mr. Scott has never held office before, but we have no doubt but that he will make good. Mr. Patton and his friends made a hard fight to hold on, but as we predicted he had to go. Mr. Patton made a good official and has held the office for probably twelve years. Anyhow he ought to be satisfied to let some one else have a pull at the pie. Perpetuity at the pie counter is not a just method. When Edwards lost out his appointees ought to have stepped down and out and not wait to be kicked out. "To the victor belong the spoils." What's in politics but the pie? That's what they fight for, and the winner should have it. —Pineville Item.

Mr. Merchant, This is to You

Why not help us boost the town. Why not come out and join the men who are trying so hard to keep alive the organization known as the Commercial Club? They will meet next Monday night, June 26th, at the Court house. There will be excellent speaking, a nice program rendered by the Harboursville Red Men's band, and the ladies are invited to attend. We insist on your coming, because we need your co-operation in this matter. There are many

things that could be done and said, if we would only wake up to the just responsibility to ourselves, our families and the community at large. Remember at 7:30 and let everybody come.

Mr. Powers A Credit to the District

Caleb Powers in trying to protect a woman from being hanged at Washington shows his humanity. Hanging a woman—no difference what she has done—is a relic of barbarism, and no civilized country should tolerate it. In fact, the death penalty by hanging should not be tolerated. The dangerous members of society should be removed by chloroform or some other humane and painless method. Mr. Powers so far in his career in Congress has been a credit to the district and an honor to the Republican party. Give him eight years in Congress and he will eclipse all his predecessors. —Pineville Item.

Celebrate The Fourth

Where are you going to spend the 4th. Thompson's Lumber and Barbourville Reimer's band are going to join the boys on Cumberland Avenue in Middlesboro, in one of the greatest parades that has ever turned out in Eastern Kentucky.

Three large bands and all the Secret Societies, Commercial Club, and Business Men will turn out in the parade with flags, drums, and they will have an aerial display, one of the latest designs, that will make three flights during the day. This is something that you have never seen before. Let us all go and see it. There will be politicians there, as well, so shake your head, and you know you want to meet them.



This Particular Brand For Particular Dressers

While it is true that fine clothes do not make fine men, the well-dressed man will always command attention. When you buy

"Shield Brand" Clothing

you are certain to get a correct fit, and plenty quality in every garment. Prices are within reach of all.

\$10.00 THE LOWEST
\$20.00 THE HIGHEST

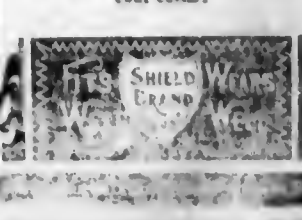
Give us a trial and be convinced.

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Incorporated

Barbourville, Kentucky

This Mark of Quality is on every coat collar.



Artemus vs Harboursville, Saturday, June 24th Game called 3:00 P. M.

The Mountain Advocate

Published Every Friday at Barbourville, Kentucky.

Entered as Second-Class Matter February 19th, 1901 at the Postoffice at Barbourville, Ky., under Act of Congress of March 3rd 1879.

O. W. L. CLARK,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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14 Is the number for those desiring to communicate with this office by phone. Ring up Central and ask for number. You will then be connected direct with this office. If you live The Camp Ground Telephone service.

The Official Organ of the Republican Party in Knox County.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics

We take this method of announcing our candidacy for the office of Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics, subject to the action of the Republican State Convention to be held at Louisville July 11, 1911.

D. W. L. CLARK.

What Shall We Do With the House Fly?

(From San. Board of Health.)

Ever since the origin of disease has been an accepted fact, the medical profession have been constantly working, with microscope, chemicals, and culture media to gain a further acquaintance with and an intimate knowledge of the various forms of germ life, hoping thereby not only to relieve the sufferings of humanity, but to serve as beacon lights on the highway of life to guard the traveler from dangers that lurk in the shadows of unhygienic surroundings.

In germs of typhoid fever, and many other diseases, much the same thing has happened. The medical profession have been constantly working, with microscope, chemicals, and culture media to gain a further acquaintance with and an intimate knowledge of the various forms of germ life, hoping thereby not only to relieve the sufferings of humanity, but to serve as beacon lights on the highway of life to guard the traveler from dangers that lurk in the shadows of unhygienic surroundings.

It is a well known fact, well recognized by the profession, that a very large percentage of our ills are contracted from the use of germs laden food or drink. Typhoid fever, dysentery, cholera morbus, enterocolitis, and other diseases of the alimentary canal, are among those that have their origin in food or drink.

It is claimed that more than seven thousand children die annually, in New York City, alone, of intestinal diseases, due to impure food and drink, and that the hot weather, as so many are inclined to believe, now may ask how these disease germs reach the food and drink. I answer by saying that it is a well known fact that excrement, from those suffering from the above named diseases, is laden with innumerable hosts of malignant germs with remarkable vitality, and reproductive power, this excrement is most commonly, in country and small towns, thrown on the ground in back yard or lot. The house fly, in its season, is the first to visit this unsanitary field, as the filth from humanity, and the lower animals, is the feeding and breeding place of the fly. After loading his feet and proboscis with germs he flies away to the homes of men, where they are left on all kinds of food and drink. People eat those germs, and subsequently develop disease, from which they oft-times die.

The average mother will feed her defenseless child food that has been covered with flies, and their poisonous excrement, not knowing of the great danger in such a course. If it were not for the resistive power of the human system, all of us would, early in life, fall victims to the deadly work of the house fly.

About thirty seven years ago, Dr. Joseph Leidy, of Pennsylvania, discovered, by the use of microscope, that, after feeding flies on fungi their proboscides and stomachs swarmed with scores of these fungi. Flies that

have been fed on tubercle spout, typhoid or cholera dejecta excrete the living germs 18 hours later. Microscopic examination shows them and culture media develop them, from this excrement.

In Ceylon, where the English army imprisoned the Boer captives, a prisoner infected with typhoid was brought from South Africa. He was placed in an enclosure, surrounded by a woven wire fence. No one was allowed to pass out of this enclosure. The British soldiers camped nearby. Flies, in great numbers, passed from sick to well. Within a few weeks scores of British soldiers were stricken with typhoid, many of whom died. Microscopic examination of flies revealed the fact that they were the carriers of the disease.

When cholera is present, it has been clearly demonstrated that the fly is the chief, and almost only, carrier of the disease. Haffkins found cholera germs in milk that had been sterilized, and subsequently exposed to infected flies. During the Spanish American war our own soldiers were annoyed by flies in every camp where typhoid fever prevailed. Lime was thrown on excrement in ditches made for it. Frequently flies, with lime on their feet, were seen walking on the food at the table. Many cases of typhoid followed. Where our officers and their mess tents were screened from the flies, no cases of typhoid developed.

Flies have been caused to walk over typhoid material, and then over culture plates; every toothmark was found to give a colony of typhoid germs.

With all these, and many more, alarming facts confronting us, what is the doctor's duty toward humanity? It is to teach by private and public talks that flies breed in manure piles, and all kinds of filth, that they carry disease and death to people that where possible, breeding places should be broken up, by the use of lime and kerosene, that homes should be screened, and that flies on the outside should be killed in every conceivable manner; that each and every community should organize a fly protective association which is far more desirable than progressive church clubs; enlist the aid of the local newspapers, school teachers, and the ministry, the moulders of public opinion, and agree to fight this enemy of humanity with as much zeal and determination as we would use fighting an invading army with banners, seeking to destroy our lives, our freedom, and our homes.

When that ladyon day shall come, as it surely will, when all men fight the fly, the Grim Reaper will be less frequent in his visits to our homes to kiss away the pains of mature manhood and innocent child hood.

Let us not be discouraged, or cast down, because men, whose lives we seek to save, are slow to believe and act; but let us contend for the right and ere long we will be rewarded by seeing the house fly vanish from civilization, when we will be blessed by the smiles of humanity, the consolation of duty performed, and the knowledge that we have not lived and fought in vain.

Then, what shall we do with the house fly? I answer in the language of the ancient Jews against the only Perfect One: "Crucify him! Crucify him!"

Do not fail to see the opening game, Artemus vs Barbourville. Game called at 3:00 P. M. Come out and root. Of course we win the opener

BEAUTIFUL TRIBUTE TO

New York Florist Closed Shop and Gave Murdered St. Bernard a Real Funeral.

Seldom do we find a man who has the courage to do what Hosen's Hilda Gahler called "a really beautiful thing." This is quite a prosaic world, after all, and folk look askance at the man who will do a deed of sentiment in broad daylight. But such things do happen, just once in a while. The other day a New York florist closed all his shops and held a funeral for his loved St. Bernard dog, whom a friend had poisoned. Regular services were held at the master's home, and the dog was laid to rest in a coffin. The dog's lady was borne to the grave by a child who had been a friend of the dog's. Not a word was said about the funeral. "It seems to me," the minister said, "that Leo as a friend, and as a dog, is a man in his truest and best." Of all earthly creatures none is so faithful as one's dog." A highly beautiful sentiment! Denver Times.

MUSEUM MUSES



Manager Warrick's "The Bearded Lady." He was arrested yesterday for forgery.

HIS MONEY OR HIS WIFE.

Now and then John B. Stanchfield tells a new story. The other night he was a guest at the dinner of the Sheriffs' panel, always the most agreeable dinner of the year. It costs \$10.00, and, to dispose of the food the dinner master provided a list of survivors, in addition to the list of vintage champagne. Mr. Stanchfield told this yarn to illustrate a point:

"A very wealthy man got a note from the Bank of Hank," said he, "It read as follows: 'If you do not send \$100,000 we will kill your wife.'"

"The man who replied at once to the address given: 'Nothing doing on the money; but I'd like to hear from you further. Your proposition interests me.' Cincinnati Times-Star.

HE HAD FORGOTTEN.

The forgetfulness of a clergyman, temporarily in charge of a leading Baptist church, was responsible for a singular dilemma in which a bride party was placed the other day. The ceremony was fixed for nine o'clock a. m., and punctually at that hour the bride party arrived, the church, one of the most spacious in the land, being by this time filled with relatives and friends of the contracting parties. The sexton was in attendance, but no clergyman. After a lapse of an hour, anxiety gradually gave way to a feeling of alarm. The bride swooned twice. Eventually a hurried telephone call brought the transient clergyman, who, almost two hours late, was profuse in his apologies for his absent-mindedness.

REVIVING HER.

"Mabel has fainted," cried the captain of the girls' basket ball team. "Steady, girls," said the trainer. "Give her a little air, and pass the fulgur."

VALUABLE MAN.

"They tell me Gubbins thinks everything of that Swiss chauffeur of his." "Yes. There isn't an auto horn made that can match his yodling."

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT.

J. R. Foley, Admr., PET.

vs. Level Foley & Co., Defts.

By virtue of a judgment rendered in the Knox Circuit Court at its April term, 1911, in the above styled case, the undersigned Master Commissioner will, on Monday, June 26, 1911, at the County Court day, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the Court house in Barbourville, Ky., sell, on a credit of six months, the following described property, to raise the sum of \$63.12 and cost, \$7.50. Said lands lie on the waters of Indian Creek in Knox county, Ky., and are bounded as follows:

Tract No. 1 is bounded as follows: Beginning at a hickory and sourwood on a line of Peter Eagle survey; thence with a dividing line between Lake and Level Foley, s 82° 36' to a water oak; thence s 62° 16' poles to a white oak; thence s 101° 51' poles to a black oak and hickory; thence n 56° 12' poles to a post oak on top of a ridge; thence with a dividing line between Lake and Joseph Foley n 82° 52' poles to a chestnut; thence s 41° 12' poles to an apple on the bank of the Peter Branch; thence n 75° 13' poles to an apple tree; thence n 2° 7' poles to a red-bud; thence s 7° 13' poles to three small chestnuts; thence s 9° 54' poles to a black oak; thence s 47° 42' poles to a black gum; thence s 20° 38' poles to a hickory; thence to the beginning.

Tract No. 2 is bounded as follows: Beginning at a white oak and two hickories standing on the north side of a hill; thence n 59° 112' poles to white oak and hickory on the reserve line; thence s 45° 80' poles to a stake; thence s 59° 112' poles to a stake; thence n 45° 80' poles to the beginning. Registered May 23, 1910.

Tract No. 3 is bounded as follows: Beginning at a spanish oak stump and poplar — Helton's corner; thence s 55°.

Tract No. 4 is bounded as follows: Beginning at Birch and white oak on the line; thence s 25° 50' poles to two chestnut oaks on the top of the ridge; thence s 40° 42' poles to a small red oak; thence s 37° 38' to a black oak and ash; thence n 64° 10' poles to two black oaks; thence n 53° 16' poles to a black gum and black oak, corner to a survey made for Hiram Campbell; thence n 26° poles to a white oak, Parson's corner; thence with said Parson's line to the beginning.

The above land will be sold on a credit of six months, to the highest bidder, the purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from the date of sale and having the force and effect of a judgment, with a lien retained upon said land until paid in full.

Given under my hand this June 6th, 1911.

J. R. JONES, Commissioner Knox Circuit Court.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT.

John W. Davis, guardian of

Calish Davis, PET.

vs.

Calish Davis, Deft.

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Beginning on a chestnut tree standing on a line made by Mher Bryant and John McKesha; thence southeast with the meanders of the spur to the creek to a sycamore; thence up creek to mouth of a ditch; thence with a straight line to the foot of the hill; thence same course with meanders of spur to the outside line; thence northeast with same to a conditional line of Mary Parker and K. S. Davis; thence north course to the Thorsy Jordan corner to two post oaks; thence turning west with same line to one walnut and one hickory; thence with course with same conditional line to outside line; thence southwest running with some line to the beginning and containing 75 acres, more or less.

The above land will be sold to the highest bidder, the purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from the date of sale and having the force and effect of a judgment, with a lien retained upon said land until paid in full.

Given under my hand this June 6th, 1911.

J. R. JONES, Commissioner Knox Circuit Court.

THE NEW
MIDLESBORO HOTEL
Middlesboro, Ky.
Reopens for business under new management. One of the finest
SUMMER RESORTS IN KENTUCKY.
The patronage of Commercial men Solicited.
RATES:— \$2.00; \$2.50; \$3.00.
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ARE USED EVERYWHERE
Easily laid — can be laid right over wood shingles if necessary — Fireproof — Stormproof — Last as long as the building and never need repairs. For further detailed information apply to
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With no other agent can biscuit, cake and hot-breads be made so pure, healthful and delicious.
Royal Baking Powder costs only a fair price per pound, and is cheaper and better at its price than any other baking powder in the world. It makes pure, clean, healthful food.
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Combs, Brushes, Perfumery,
Books and Stationery.
Dr. Herndon's Prescriptions are Carefully Compounded.
FINE LINE CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
PAINTS, BRUSHES AND OIL.
NEW HOTEL BLOCK KNOX STREET, BARBOURVILLE, KY.

REAL ESTATE
SOLD OR RENTED ON COMMISSION.
DO YOU want to Buy Real Estate? If so see me and I will try to supply your wants. I have a large list of farms in Knox county, consisting of Coal and Thirler lands, grass lands, agricultural farms, in large, small and medium size, tracts, that I can suit the wish of almost any one. Also
TOWN PROPERTY
having a nice list of property, both improved and unimproved, listed for sale. If you want to locate in town, either to buy or rent, SEE ME. I can supply your wants—if I haven't what you want I will get it or try to.
If you want to sell or rent, let me find you a customer. List with me, I will put your wants before the public and treat you right. I am also agent for land in Florida. Commission reasonable.
Farm Lands. D. W. CLARK Mineral Lands. Florida Lands BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

Rule of the People Must Be Restored by Utter Overthrow of Legislative Lobby.

Many are not the victims of modern civilization. They are the pioneer to America, ROR to any section of it. The oppressed can slaves of Great Britain produced the The end of the slaves of the House of Bourbon in France produced the and the grievances were so great and so numerous that the nation rose in rebellion. The suppression of the Polish government gave rise to the in the colonies before the revolution.

That the mob must be suppressed promptly and decisively goes without saying. There can be no ground for debate on that question. But that the action of the government should stop there is to demand the public conscience to adhere to the public welfare. It is high time in such conditions to look to their cause, and if the cause be found to be in oppression, or injustice, or inefficient execution of the law, then the remedy is to cure the cause, not as a concession to the mob, but to maintain peace in the future.

We have had in Kentucky, unfortunately, and to our discredit, a num-

Perhaps 80,000 men were engaged in this industry alone in Kentucky in 1907. The value of the yield was not less than \$35,000,000 or \$40,000,000 a year. In the meantime there had been evolved in the experience, daring and sagacity of financiers and manufacturers a series of combinations of wealth and factories, resulting finally in the concentration of many buyers into few. The competition which had theretofore existed was thus eliminated. This applied not alone to tobacco, but to many other commodities as well. The subject attracted the sharp and critical attention of the public. Magazines, newspapers and speakers warned the public of the dangers imminent from this new system and sought to contrive means to frustrate its oppres-

in the midst of this situation there occurred the memorable panic of 1907. Already two crops were tied up in the pools. The growers needed the proceeds from their crops to discharge debts. Their creditors, the merchants, the banks, were pressing for the payment of their debts. The merchants were being pressed by the

When I said then, and when I say now, that the purpose and end of gov-

the subject; another, in the restrictions placed upon legislatures in late years by the constitution, prohibiting the granting of special favors in legislation. This special legislation has been cut out, but the interests which would profit nevertheless by enjoying immunity which the public is not allowed, obtain their ends by defeating

In our government the law must be both supreme and sufficient. Its enforcement must be impartial, speedy and just. The people must learn not only to submit to it, but to respect it—respect it not only as the supreme power, but as the sufficient means for the redress of all wrongs, public and private. Remove, therefore, the taint of suspicion and doubt born of corrupting influences that dominates the enactment of law and the selection of public officials. Let the laws fairly reflect the same sober public will, and let their execution be prompt and impartial, and there will be neither ground for such violent disturbances as we are discussing, nor will they likely occur.